

**BALLOT ENTITLEMENT FOR THE CONSOLIDATED PRIMARY ELECTION – FEBRUARY 27, 2007**  
**\*\*\* A GUIDE FOR ILLINOIS ELECTION JUDGES \*\*\***



**LAST DAY FOR REGULAR REGISTRATION IS JANUARY 30, 2007**  
**(LAST DAY FOR GRACE PERIOD REGISTRATION IS FEBRUARY 13, 2007)**

REGISTRATION STATUS?	SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES?	REQUIRED FORMS?	ACTION?
(1) Registered Voter		Application	Can vote Full Ballot
(2) Registered Voter	Moved <u>more</u> than 30 days <i>out</i> of jurisdiction and did not transfer registration (Before January 28)	None	Cannot vote
(3) Registered Voter	Moved <u>within</u> 30 days outside the precinct, but still resides in the State, and did not transfer registration. (January 28 - February 26)	Application and Voter Affidavit	Can vote Full Ballot in old polling place
(4) Registered Voter	Moved during the 27-day period before the election in the same precinct. (January 31 - February 26)	Application and Voter Affidavit	Can vote Full Ballot
(5) Registered Voter	Changed name before the election, still resides <u>in</u> the same precinct, <b><u>is otherwise qualified</u></b> , and did not re-register.	Application and Voter Affidavit	Can vote Full Ballot
(6) Registered Voter	Changed name before the election, moved <u>outside</u> the precinct, and did not re-register. (Before January 31)	None	Cannot vote.
(7) Provisional Voter	Claims to be a registered voter (See list of four possible circumstances on back side of page)	Application Provisional Voter Affidavit Provisional Ballot Envelope Written instructions	Can vote full ballot provisionally.

## **PROVISIONAL VOTING**

**There are four possible circumstances in which this can happen:**

- The person's name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters for the precinct in which the person seeks to vote;
- The person's voting status has been challenged by an election judge, a poll watcher, or any legal voter and that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the election judges;
- A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period; or
- The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting either in person or by absentee ballot, but fails to do so.